

5. Verschiedene Lösungen.

6. a) Das kann nicht stimmen. Ein Mensch trinkt am Tag ungefähr 1–2 Liter.
 b) Das kann nicht stimmen. In eine Badewanne passen ungefähr 180 Liter.
 c) Das kann stimmen.

e) $38520 : 12 = 3210$
 $38520 : 24 = 1605$
 $118512 : 12 = 9876$
 $118512 : 24 = 4938$
 $7848 : 12 = 654$
 $7848 : 24 = 327$

3. a) $9000 : 30 = 300$
 Der Sauerstoff reicht für 300 Personen.
 b) Verschiedene Lösungen.

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1. A 60 Zentimeterwürfel
 B 54 Zentimeterwürfel
 In den Quader A passen mehr Zentimeterwürfel.

2. a) $6 \cdot 9 \cdot 4 = 216$
 b) $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 48$
 c) $6 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 = 144$
 d) $1 \cdot 10 \cdot 5 = 50$
 e) $3 \cdot 10 \cdot 5 = 150$
 f) $3 \cdot 10 \cdot 7 = 210$
 g) $2 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 30$
 h) $3 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 45$
 i) $4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = 60$
 j) $3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 = 60$

3. a) $10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 1000$
 b) 1000 Zentimeterwürfel = 1000 ml = 1 l
 In diesen Würfel passen 1 Liter.

4. a) $20 \cdot 40 \cdot 20 = 16000$
 16000 ml = 16 l
 b) $30 \cdot 60 \cdot 30 = 54000$
 54000 ml = 54 l
 c) $60 \cdot 120 \cdot 50 = 360000$
 360000 ml = 360 l

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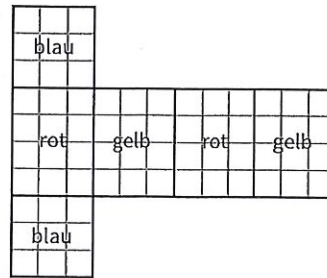
1. a) $168 : 12 = 14$ b) $14808 : 12 = 1234$
 $216 : 12 = 18$ $28140 : 12 = 2345$
 $348 : 12 = 29$ $41472 : 12 = 3456$
 $660 : 12 = 55$ $54804 : 12 = 4567$
 $804 : 12 = 67$ $68136 : 12 = 5678$
 c) $12480 : 15 = 832$
 $14310 : 15 = 954$
 $21780 : 15 = 1452$
 $44805 : 15 = 2987$
 $64935 : 15 = 4329$
 2. a) $9750 : 50 = 195$ b) $2250 : 25 = 90$
 $9750 : 25 = 390$ $2250 : 50 = 45$
 $1950 : 50 = 39$ $4500 : 50 = 90$
 $1950 : 25 = 78$ $4500 : 25 = 180$
 $11250 : 50 = 225$ $75350 : 25 = 3014$
 $11250 : 25 = 450$ $75350 : 50 = 1507$
 c) $6750 : 30 = 225$ d) $23670 : 15 = 1578$
 $6750 : 15 = 450$ $23670 : 30 = 789$
 $16650 : 30 = 555$ $351750 : 15 = 23450$
 $16650 : 15 = 1110$ $351750 : 30 = 11725$
 $19980 : 30 = 666$ $74430 : 30 = 2481$
 $19980 : 15 = 1332$ $74430 : 15 = 4962$

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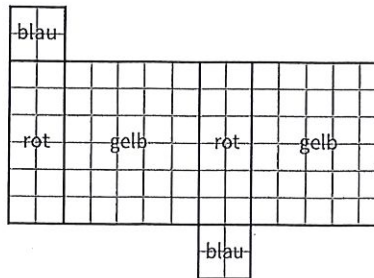
1. a) $124 \text{ kg} = 0 \text{ t } 124 \text{ kg} = 0,124 \text{ t}$
 $420 \text{ kg} = 0 \text{ t } 420 \text{ kg} = 0,420 \text{ t}$
 $1305 \text{ kg} = 1 \text{ t } 305 \text{ kg} = 1,305 \text{ t}$
 $4020 \text{ kg} = 4 \text{ t } 20 \text{ kg} = 4,020 \text{ t}$
 b) $5002 \text{ kg} = 5 \text{ t } 2 \text{ kg} = 5,002 \text{ t}$
 $21305 \text{ kg} = 21 \text{ t } 305 \text{ kg} = 21,305 \text{ t}$
 $234 \text{ kg} = 0 \text{ t } 234 \text{ kg} = 0,234 \text{ t}$
 $10153 \text{ kg} = 10 \text{ t } 153 \text{ kg} = 10,153 \text{ t}$

2. $\frac{1}{2} \text{ kg} / 0,6 \text{ kg} / 1,043 \text{ kg} / 1,5 \text{ kg} / 10,052 \text{ kg}$

3. A



B



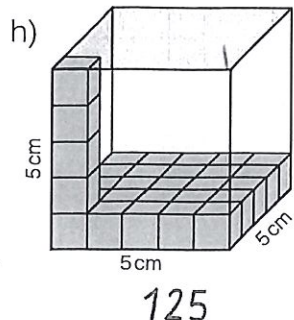
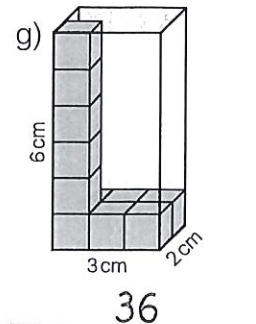
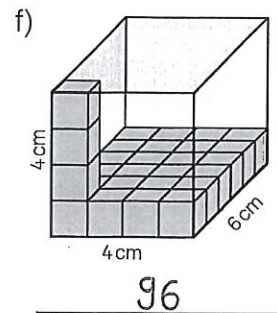
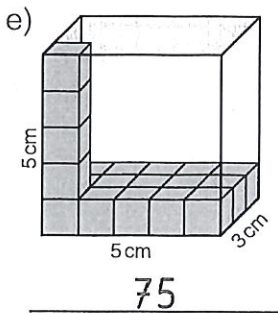
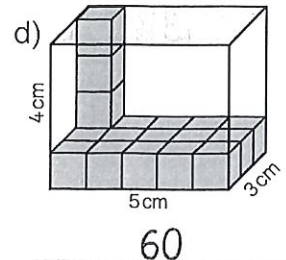
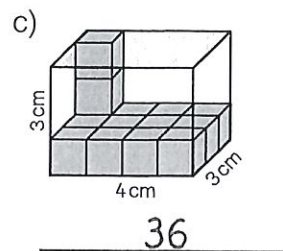
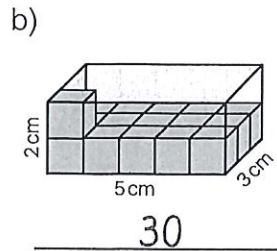
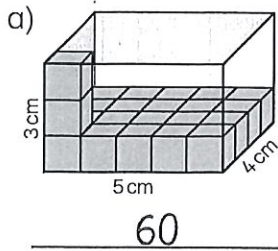
4. a) $3 \text{ l} = 3000 \text{ ml}$ b) $5 \text{ l} = 5000 \text{ ml}$
 c) $\frac{1}{2} \text{ l} = 500 \text{ ml}$ d) $\frac{1}{4} \text{ l} = 250 \text{ ml}$
 e) $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ l} = 2500 \text{ ml}$ f) $1\frac{1}{4} \text{ l} = 1250 \text{ ml}$
 5. a) $5 \cdot 10 \cdot 5 = 250$ b) $4 \cdot 8 \cdot 6 = 192$
 250 Zentimeterwürfel 192 Zentimeterwürfel

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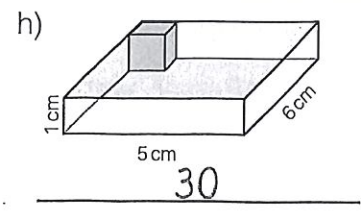
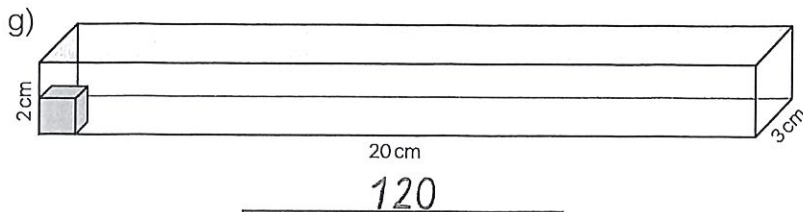
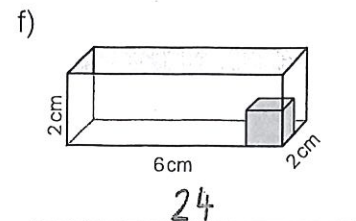
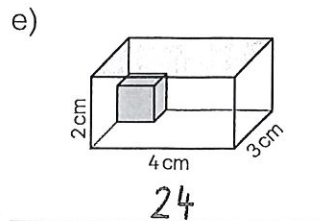
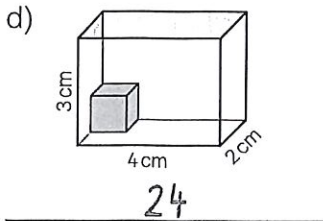
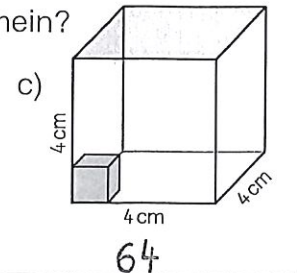
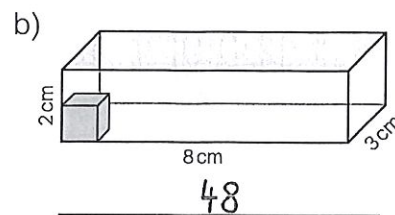
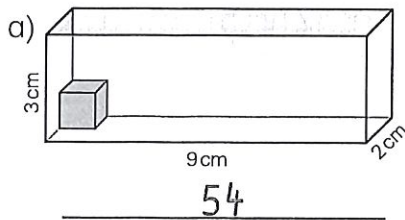
1. a) A 1 Jahr 2 Monate B 3 Jahre 4 Monate
 C 5 Jahre 5 Monate D 6 Jahre 7 Monate
 E 7 Jahre 10 Monate F 10 Jahre 1 Monat

Rauminhalt – Zentimeterwürfel

1 Berechne den Rauminhalt. Wie viele **Zentimeterwürfel** passen hinein?

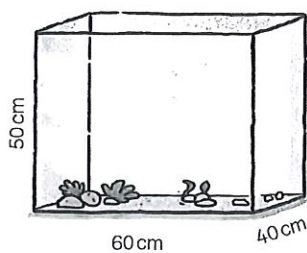


2 Berechne den Rauminhalt. Wie viele **Zentimeterwürfel** passen hinein?



Abbildungen: Kleicke, Christine (Aquarium), Langner & Partner Werbeagentur (Grafiken)

3



Wie viele Liter Wasser passen in dieses Aquarium?

$$5 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 = 120$$

Antwort: Es passen 120 Liter hinein.

Schriftlich dividieren durch mehrstellige Zahlen

1 a)

4	5	6	:	1	2	=	3	8	7	5	6	:	1	2	=	6	3	8	8	8	:	1	2	=	7	4
3	6								7	2								8	4							
	9	6								3	6								4	8						
	9	6								3	6								4	8						
		0									0									0						

b)

1	1	4	0	:	1	2	=	9	5	4	3	2	0	:	1	2	=	3	6	0	5	7	6	0	:	1	2	=	4	8	0
1	0	8							3	6								4	8												
		6	0							7	2								9	6											
		6	0							7	2								9	6											
			0								0	0								0	0										
												0									0										
												0									0										

38 63 74 95 360 420 480

2 a)

4	9	5	0	:	5	0	=	9	9	4	9	5	0	:	2	5	=	1	9	8	6	7	2	5	:	2	5	=	2	6	9
4	5	0							2	5								5	0												
	4	5	0							2	4	5							1	7	2										
	4	5	0							2	2	5							1	5	0										
			0								2	0	0							2	2	5									
											2	0	0							2	2	5									
												0									0										

b)

2	5	8	0	:	3	0	=	8	6	2	5	8	0	:	1	5	=	1	7	2	1	8	0	0	:	1	5	=	1	2	0
2	4	0							1	5								1	5												
	1	8	0							1	0	8							3	0											
	1	8	0							1	0	5							3	0											
			0									3	0								0	0									
												3	0								0	0									
													0									0									

86 99 100 120 172 198 269

3 Eine Person verbraucht pro Stunde etwa 30 Liter Sauerstoff.
 Eine alte Rotbuche produziert ungefähr 12000 l Sauerstoff pro Stunde.
 Für wie viele Menschen reicht diese Menge an Sauerstoff eine Stunde lang?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12000 : 30 = 400 \\
 \underline{120} \\
 00 \\
 \underline{00} \\
 00 \\
 \underline{00} \\
 00 \\
 \underline{0}
 \end{array}$$

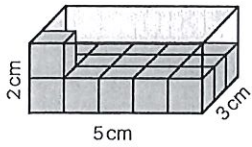


Antwort: Die Menge Sauerstoff reicht eine Stunde lang für 400 Menschen.

Rauminhalt – Zentimeterwürfel

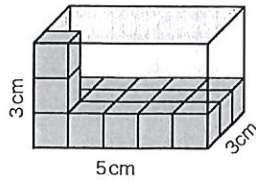
1 Berechne den Rauminhalt. Wie viele Zentimeterwürfel passen hinein?

a)



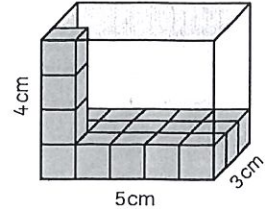
$2 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 30$

b)



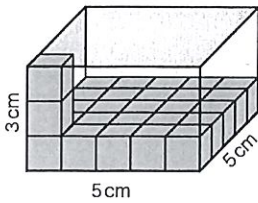
$3 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 45$

c)



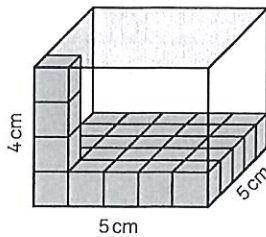
$4 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 60$

d)



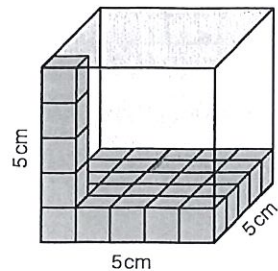
$3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 75$

e)



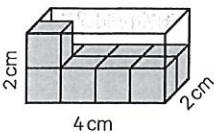
$4 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 100$

f)



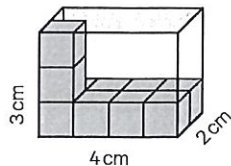
$5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 125$

2 a)



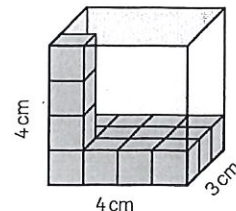
$2 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 = 16$

b)



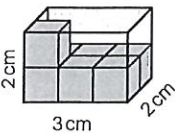
$3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 = 24$

c)



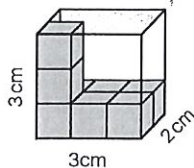
$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 48$

d)



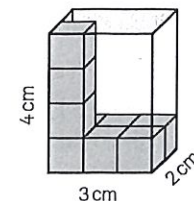
$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 12$

e)



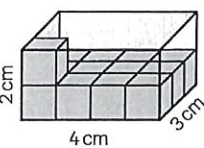
$3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 18$

f)



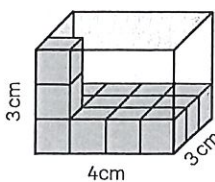
$4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 24$

g)



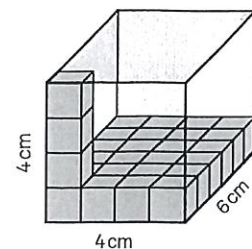
$2 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 24$

h)



$3 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 36$

i)



$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 = 96$

Abbildungen: Langner & Partner Werbeagentur

Evtl. mit Material nachbauen.

Schriftlich dividieren durch Zehnerzahlen

1 a) $840 : 30 = 28$

8	4	0	:	3	0	=	2	8
6	0	↓						
2	4	0						
2	4	0						
		0						

b) $450 : 30 = 15$

4	5	0	:	3	0	=	1	5
3	0	↓						
1	5	0						
1	5	0						
		0						

c) $480 : 30 = 16$

4	8	0	:	3	0	=	1	6
3	0	↓						
1	8	0						
1	8	0						
		0						

d) $510 : 30 = 17$

5	1	0	:	3	0	=	1	7
3	0	↓						
2	1	0						
2	1	0						
		0						

e) $960 : 30 = 32$

9	6	0	:	3	0	=	3	2
9	0	↓						
	6	0						
	6	0						
		0						

f) $720 : 30 = 24$

7	2	0	:	3	0	=	2	4
6	0	↓						
1	2	0						
1	2	0						
		0						

• ~~15~~ ~~16~~ ~~17~~ 18 ~~24~~ ~~28~~ ~~32~~

2 a) $720 : 40 = 18$

7	2	0	:	4	0	=	1	8
4	0	↓						
3	2	0						
3	2	0						
		0						

b) $960 : 40 = 24$

9	6	0	:	4	0	=	2	4
8	0	↓						
1	6	0						
1	6	0						
		0						

c) $760 : 40 = 19$

7	6	0	:	4	0	=	1	9
4	0	↓						
3	6	0						
3	6	0						
		0						

d) $600 : 40 = 15$

6	0	0	:	4	0	=	1	5
4	0	↓						
2	0	0						
2	0	0						
		0						

e) $520 : 40 = 13$

5	2	0	:	4	0	=	1	3
4	0	↓						
1	2	0						
1	2	0						
		0						

f) $880 : 40 = 22$

8	8	0	:	4	0	=	2	2
8	0	↓						
	8	0						
	8	0						
		0						

• ~~18~~ ~~16~~ ~~18~~ ~~19~~ 20 ~~22~~ ~~24~~

3 a) $550 : 50 = 11$

5	5	0	:	5	0	=	1	1
5	0	↓						
	5	0						
	5	0						
		0						

b) $750 : 50 = 15$

7	5	0	:	5	0	=	1	5
5	0	↓						
2	5	0						
2	5	0						
		0						

c) $600 : 50 = 12$

6	0	0	:	5	0	=	1	2
5	0	↓						
1	0	0						
1	0	0						
		0						

d) $650 : 50 = 13$

6	5	0	:	5	0	=	1	3
5	0	↓						
1	5	0						
1	5	0						
		0						

e) $800 : 50 = 16$

8	0	0	:	5	0	=	1	6
5	0	↓						
3	0	0						
3	0	0						
		0						

f) $700 : 50 = 14$

7	0	0	:	5	0	=	1	4
5	0	↓						
2	0	0						
2	0	0						
		0						

• ~~11~~ ~~12~~ ~~13~~ ~~14~~ ~~15~~ ~~16~~ 17